# 中国旋花科新分类群

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### NEW TAXA OF CONVOLVULACEAE FROM CHINA

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Key words Convolvulaceae; Evolvulus yunnanensis; Argyreia baoshanensis 关键词 旋花科;云南土丁桂;保山银背藤

#### 1. 云南土丁桂 新种 图 1

Evolvulus yunnanensis S. H. Huang, sp. nov.

Species valde insignis, caulibus procumbentibus multis, gracilibus, foliis subrotundatis, basi cordatis, interdum obliquis, floribus solitariis vel 2 axillaribus, corollis albis vel flavis, staminibus medio tubi corollae insertis.

Herba perennis; caules procumbentes multi, graciles, 20—35cm longi, c. 1mm in diam., sparse vel dense villosi vel strigosi, ad nodos radicantes. Folia subrotundata, 1. 3—1.7cm longa, 1.2—1.4cm lata, apice rotundata, basi cordata, interdum leviter obliqua, supra viridia, subglabra, subtus pallida, prope basin vel secus nervo sparse strigosa, nervis lateralibus 2—3-jugis ut costa supra obscuris subtus prominentibus; petioli 2—4mm longi, sparse strigosi, ventre sulcati. Flores solitarii vel 2 axillares; pedicelli breves 2.5—3mm longi, dense villosi. Sepala oblongo-lanceolata, 3—4mm longa, 2—3mm lata, acuta, extus dense villosa, intus glabra, exteriora majora, interiora minora. Corolla late campanulata vel rotata, alba vel flava, 6mm longa, c. 6mm in diam., limbo subintegro. Stamina 5, medio tubo corollae inserta; filamenta 1.5mm longa, applanata, basi leviter dilatata, glabra; antherae oblongae, 1mm longae, apice acutae, basi subcordatae. Ovarium globosum 2-loculatum 1mm altum, glabrum. Styli 2, glaberi, 0.5mm supra basin 2-partiti, lobis linearibus, 3mm longis, apice subclavatis, stigmate globoso. Capsulae ovoideae 2—3mm in diametro, sepalis persistentibus inclusae. Semina 2—4, ovoideo-triquetra, c. 1mm longa, 0.5mm lata, brunnea, tuberculata.

云南 (Yunnan): 芒市 (Mangshi), alt. 960m, VI 1956, 云大调查队 (Exped. Univ. Yunnan) 776 (Typus, YUNU).

多年生草本,茎匍匐,多数,纤细,长 20-35 cm, 径约 1 mm, 被疏或密的长柔毛或 糙毛,于节上生根。叶近圆形,长 1.3-1.7cm,宽 1.2-1.4cm, 先端圆形,基部心形,有时稍

偏斜,上面绿色,近无毛,下面较淡,近基部或沿脉上疏被糙毛,侧脉 2-3 对与中脉在上面不明显,下面明显突起,边缘近全缘;叶柄长 2-4mm, 疏被糙毛,腹面具槽。花单生或 2 朵生叶腋,花梗短,长 2.5-3mm,密被长柔毛;萼片长圆状披针形,长 3-4mm,宽 2-3mm,锐尖,外面密被长柔毛,内面无毛,外面的较大,内面的较小;花冠宽钟状或近辐状,白色或淡黄色,长 6 mm,直径约 6 mm,冠簷近全缘;雄蕊 5,着生于花冠筒中部,花丝长1.5 mm,扁平,基部稍宽,无毛,花药长圆形,长 1 mm,先端锐尖,基部微心形;子房圆球形,2 室,高 1 mm, 无毛,花柱 2, 无毛,近基部 0.5 mm 处 2 尖裂,裂片线形,长 3 mm, 先端

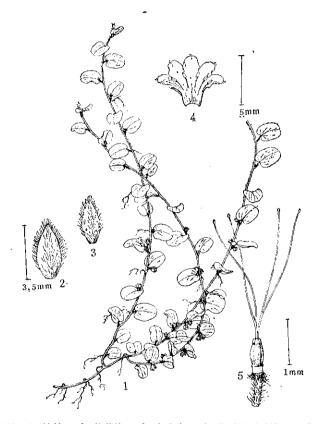


图 1 云南土丁桂 1. 植株; 2. 外萼片; 3. 内萼片; 4. 花冠展开示雄蕊; 5. 子房及花柱。 Fig. 1 Evolvulus yunnanensis S. H. Huang 1. plant; 2. outer sepal; 3. inner sepal; 4. corolla opened up. showing stamens; 5. ovary and style.

稍棒状,柱头圆球状。 蒴果卵球形,直径 2-3 mm,有宿存萼包被。种子 2-4 枚,卵状三棱形,长约 1 mm,宽 0.5 mm,褐色,具细小瘤突。

产云南西南部(芒市)。生海拔960米村中路旁。

本种以茎匍匐生长,多数,纤细,叶近圆形,基部心形或有时偏斜;花单生或 2 朵生叶腋,花冠白色或淡黄色,雄蕊着生于花冠筒中部而极特异。本属在"中国植物志"中仅记载 1 种土丁桂 Evolvulus alsinoides (L.) L. 及 2 变种。该种叶长圆状或线状披针形,被疏柔毛,花冠蓝色或白色极易区别。

# 2. 保山银背藤 新种 图 2

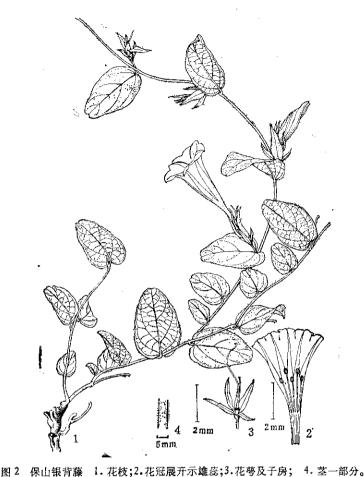


Fig. 2 Argyreis baoshanensis S. H. Huang 1. flower branch; 2. corolla opened up, showing stamens; 3. calyx and ovary; 4. a part of stem.

# Argyreia baoshanensis S. H. Huang, sp. nov.

Species valde insignis, radice crassa, lignescentique, partibus omibus dense strigosis, foliis ovatis vel ovato-deltoideis, basi cordatis, brevissime petiolatis vel subsessilibus, floribus solitariis axillaribusque, 1(-2)-bracteatis, sepalis lineari-lanceolatis, 2cm longis, 2-3mm latis, corollis majoribus, tubulari-infundibuliformibus 7cm longis.

Herba (?) scandens, 80cm longa; radice crassa, c. 1.5 cm in diam., lignescenti; caule gracili, subtereti, brunneo, dense griseo-brunneo-strigoso. Folia ovata ad ovato-deltoidea, 3—4.5 cm longa, 1.5—2.5 cm lata, apice obtusa vel emarginata, basi cordata, margine integra vel repanda, utrinque strigosa, costa utrinque leviter elevata, nervis lateralibus supra obscuris, subtus leviter elevatis; petioli brevissimi vel subnulli, 3—4 mm longi, dense griseo-brunneo-strigosi. Flores solitarii axillaresque; pedicelli c. 8 mm longi, dense strigosi; bracteae 1(-2), ad parte supera pedicellorum insertae, lineari-lanceolatae, 8—12 mm longae, 1.5—2 mm latae, extus dense strigosae, intus sparse strigosae. Sepala 5, lineari-lanceolata, apice acuta, inaequa-

lia, exteriora 2cm longa, 3mm lata, interiora 2cm longa, 2mm lata, extus dense strigosa, intus leviter strigosa vel subglabra. Corolla tubulari-infundibuliformis, 7cm longa, rubra, tubo basi c. 3mm in diam.; limbo c. 2.7cm in diam., obscure lobato, extus fasciis mesopetalis sparse strigoso, ceterum glabro, intus glabro. Stamina ut stylus inclusa; filamenta filiformia, applanata, c. ad 2.6cm supra basin corollae inserta, 2 longiora, 3 breviora, 1.2—1.5 cm longa, basi sparse ciliata; antherae oblongae, c. 2.5mm longae. Stylus 3.9cm longus; stigma capitatum bilobatum; ovarium conicum, 2mm altum. Discus annulatus, 0.75mm altus. Fructus subglobosus, 4mm in diam., sepalis persistentibus inclusus. Semina 2, compresse ovoidea, nigrobrunnea.

云南 (Yunnan): 保山县 (Baoshan Xian) 埧湾 (Ba Wan) alt. 1047m, VII 1983, 赵自文(Zhao Ziwen) 706 (Typus, YUNU).

攀援草本(?),长80 cm,根粗厚,径约1.5 cm,木质;茎纤细,近圆柱形,褐色,密被灰褐色糙毛。叶卵形至卵状三角形,长3—4.5 cm,宽1.5—2.5 cm,先端钝或微凹,基部心形,全缘或微波状,两面均被糙毛,中脉两面微突出,侧脉在上面不显,下面稍突起;叶柄极短或近无柄,长3—4 mm,被灰褐色糙毛。花单生叶腋,花梗长约8 mm,密被糙毛,苞片1(一2)枚,着生于花梗上部,线状披针形,长8—12 mm,宽1.5—2 mm,外面密被糙毛,内面疏被糙毛,萼片5,线状披针形,先端锐尖,不等大,外面的长2 cm,宽3 mm,内面的长2 cm,宽2 mm,外面疏被糙毛,内面疏被或近无毛;花冠管状漏斗形,长7 cm,红色,冠筒基部径约3 mm,簷部径约2.7 cm,边缘浅波状,外面于瓣中带上疏被糙毛,内面无毛;雄蕊与花柱内藏,雄蕊着生于花冠筒中部,距基部2.6 cm处,两枚较长,3枚较短,花丝长1.2—1.5 cm,扁平,基部有疏缘毛,花药长2.5 mm;花柱长3.9 cm,柱头头状,2浅裂。子房圆锥形。花盘环状。果实圆球形,直径4 mm,为宿存萼包被,种子2 枚,扁卵圆形,黑褐色。

产云南西部(保山县)。生于海拔1047米草坡荒地上。

本种具木质粗厚的块根,各部密被糙毛,叶片卵形或卵状三角形,基部心形,叶柄极短或近于无柄。花单生叶腋,有1(-2)苞片,萼片线状披针形,长2cm,宽2-3mm,花冠较大,管状漏斗形,长7cm,极特异。在本属植物中,与线叶银背藤 Argyreia lineariloba C. Y. Wu 较相近,但该种叶线形,植物体各部均被糙伏刚毛极易区别。